Athletics Progression Ladder



Skills		Knowledge Get Set 4 P.E.
 Running: demonstrate a clear understanding of pace and use it to develop their own and others sprinting technique. Jumping: develop power, control and technique in the triple jump. Throwing: develop power, control and technique when throwing discus and shot put. 	Year 6	 Running: understand that I need to prepare my body for running and know the muscle groups I will need to use. Jumping: understand that a run up builds speed and power and enables me to jump further. Throwing: understand that I need to prepare my body for throwing and know the muscle groups I will need to use. Rules: understand and apply rules in events that pose an increased risk.
Running: apply fluency and co-ordination when running for speed in relay changeovers. Effectively apply speeds appropriate for the event. Jumping: explore technique and rhythm in the triple jump. Throwing: Develop technique and power in javelin and shot put.	Year 5	 Running: understand that taking big consistent strides will help to create a rhythm that allows me to run faster. Understand that keeping a steady breath will help me when running longer distances. Jumping: know that if I drive my knees high and fast I can build power and therefore distance in my jumps. Throwing: know how to transfer my weight in different throws to increase the distance. Rules: understand and apply rules in a variety of events using official equipment.
 Running: develop an understanding of speed and pace in relation to distance. Develop power and speed in the sprinting technique. Jumping: develop technique when jumping for distance. Throwing: explore power and technique when throwing for distance in a pull and heave throw. 	Year 4	Running: understand that I need to pace myself when running further or for a long period of time. Understand that a high knee drive, pumping my arms and running on the balls of my feet gives me power. Jumping: understand that transferring weight will help me to jump further. Throwing: understand that transferring weight will help me to throw further. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own events.
Running: develop the sprinting technique and apply it to relay events. Jumping: develop technique when jumping for distance in a range of approaches and take off positions. Throwing: explore the technique for a pull throw.	Year 3	 Running: understand that leaning slightly forwards helps to increase speed. Leaning my body in the opposite direction to travel helps to slow down. Jumping: know that if I jump and land in quick succession, the momentum will help me to jump further. Throwing: understand that the speed of the movement helps to create power. Rules: know the rules of the event and begin to apply them.
Running: develop the sprinting action. Jumping: develop jumping, hopping and skipping actions. Explore safely jumping for distance and height. Throwing: develop overarm throwing for distance.	Year 2	 Running: know that running on the balls of my feet, taking big steps and having elbows bent will help me to run faster. Jumping: know that swinging my arms forwards will help me to jump further. Throwing: know that I can throw in a straight line by pointing my throwing hand at my target as I let go of the object. Rules: know how to follow simple rules when working with others.
Running: explore running at different speeds. Jumping: develop balance whilst jumping and landing. Explore hopping, jumping and leaping for distance. Throwing: explore throwing for distance and accuracy.	Year 1	Running: understand that if I swing my arms it will help me to run faster. Jumping: know that landing on the balls of my feet helps me to land with control. Understand that if I bend my knees it will help me to jump further. Throwing: know that stepping forward with my opposite foot to hand will help me to throw further. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.
Running: explore running and stopping safely.Jumping: explore jumping and hopping safely.Throwing: explore throwing to a target.Games Unit 1 & 2Fundamentals Unit 1 & 2Ball Skills Unit 1 & 2	EYFS	Running: know that I use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Know that moving into space away from others helps to keep me safe. Jumping: know that bending my knees will help me to land safely. Throwing: understand that bigger targets are easier to hit. Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe.

Ball Skills Progression Ladder





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Skills

 Sending: show good technique when sending a ball with increasing control, accuracy and consistency under pressure. Catching: demonstrate increasing consistency of catching under pressure in a variety of game situations. Tracking: demonstrate a wider range of techniques when tracking a ball under pressure Dribbling: dribble consistently using a range of techniques with increasing control under pressure. 	Year 6	 Sending: understand and make quick decisions about when, how and who to pass to. Catching: know how to catch a ball for different situations, considering trajectory, speed, height and size of the ball. Tracking: know how to track a ball for different situations, considering trajectory, speed, height and size of the ball. Dribbling: choose the appropriate skill for the situation under pressure e.g. a V dribble in basketball to keep the ball away from a defender.
 Sending: demonstrate clear technique when sending a ball under pressure. Catching: demonstrate good technique under pressure. Tracking: demonstrate a range of techniques when tracking and collecting a ball. Dribbling: dribble with some control under pressure. All Y5 & 6 Games Units 	Year 5	 Sending: know that controlling a ball before sending it will allow me to send it accurately. Catching: understand when to use different types of catching. Tracking: know that tracking a ball will help me to collect/stop/receive it quickly and successfully. Dribbling: know that dribbling in different directions will help me to lose a defender in game situations.
 Sending: accurately use a range of techniques to send a ball to a target. Catching: catch different sized objects with increasing consistency with one an hands. Tracking: consistently track a ball sent directly and indirectly. Dribbling: dribble a ball with increasing control and co-ordination. 	Year 4	 Sending: know that I can use a variety of ways to send the ball and it may depend on the situation e.g. distance, speed, if there is a defender. Catching: know to adjust my hands to the height of the ball. Tracking: know that tracking a ball is an important skill used in games activities and be able to give examples of this. Dribbling: know that dribbling with soft hands/touches will help me to keep control.
 Sending: send a ball with accuracy and increasing consistency to a target. Catching: catch a range of objects with increasing consistency. Tracking: track a ball not sent directly. Dribbling: dribble a ball with hands and feet with control. 	Year 3	 Sending: know that pointing my hand/foot/stick to my target on release will help me to send a ball accurately. Catching: know to move my feet to the ball. Tracking: know that using a ready position will help me to react to the ball. Dribbling: know that dribbling is an attacking skill used in games which helps us to move towards a goal or away from defenders.
 Sending: roll, throw and kick a ball to hit a target. Catching: develop catching a range of objects with two hands. Catch with and without a bounce. Tracking: consistently track and collect a ball being sent directly. Dribbling: explore dribbling with hands and feet with increasing control on the move. 	Year 2	Sending: know that stepping with opposite foot to throwing arm will help me to balance. Catching: know to use wide fingers and pull the ball in to my chest to help to securely catch. Tracking: know that it is easier to move towards a ball to track it than chase it. Dribbling: know to keep my head up when dribbling to see space/opponents.
Sending: roll and throw with some accuracy towards a target.Catching: begin to catch with two hands. Catch after a bounce.Tracking: track a ball being sent directly.Dribbling: explore dribbling with hands and feet.	Year 1	 Sending: know to face my body towards my target when rolling and throwing underarm to help me to balance. Catching: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me. Tracking: know to move my feet to get in the line with the ball. Dribbling: know that moving with a ball is called dribbling.
 Sending: explore sending an object with hands and feet. Catching: explore catching to self and with a partner. Tracking: explore stopping a ball with hands and feet. Dribbling: explore dropping and catching with two hands and moving a ball with feet. 	EYFS	 Sending: know to look at the target when sending a ball. Catching: know to have hands out ready to catch. Tracking: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me and scoop it with two hands. Dribbling: know that keeping the ball close will help with control.

Dance Progression Ladder

Skills

Knowledge

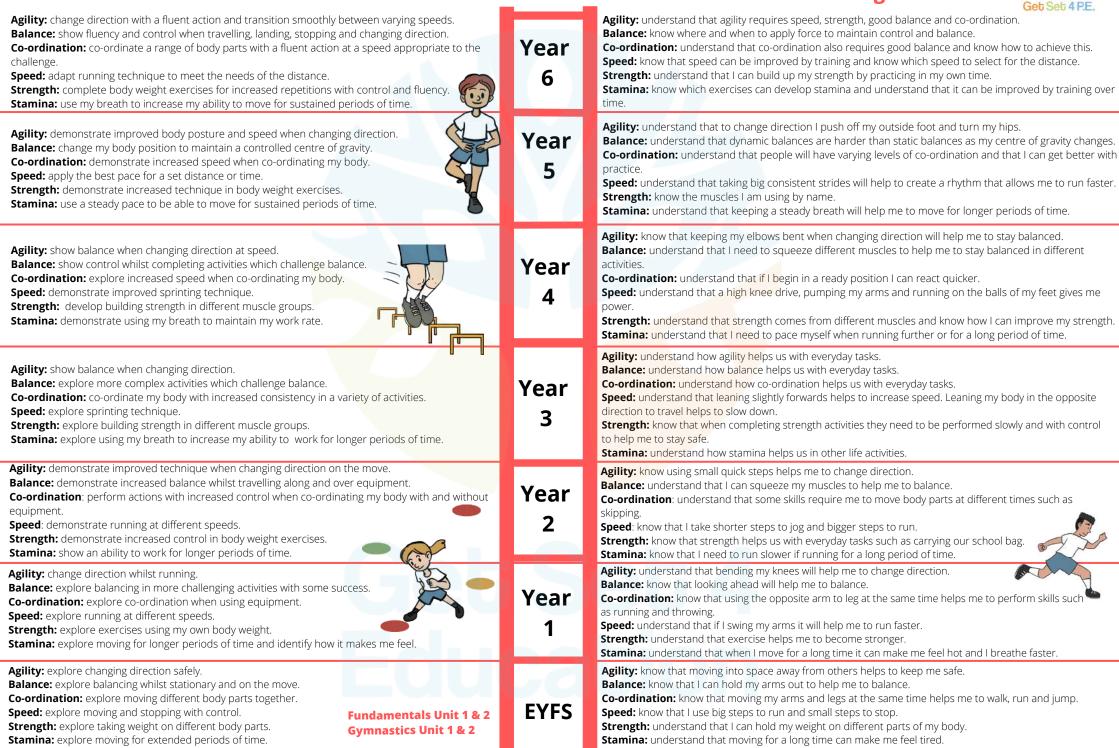


_	Get Set 4 P.E.	
Actions: show controlled movements which express emotion and feeling. Dynamics: explore, improvise and combine dynamics to express ideas fluently and effectively on my own, with a partner or in a small group. Space and relationships: use a variety of compositional principles when creating my own dances. Performance: demonstrate a clear understanding of timing in relation to the music and other dancers throughout my performance.	 Actions: understand that actions can be improved with consideration to extension, shape and recognition of intent. Dynamics: understand that selecting a variety of dynamics in my performance can help to take the audience on a journey through my dance idea. Space and relationships: know that combining space and relationships with a prop can help me to express my dance idea. Performance: understand how a leader can ensure our dance group performs together. Strategy: know that if I keep in character throughout, it will help me to express an atmosphere or mood that can be interpreted by the audience. 	
Actions: choreograph dances by using, adapting and developing actions and steps from different dance styles. Dynamics: confidently use dynamics to express different dance styles. Space: confidently use direction and patterning to express different dance styles. Relationships: confidently use formations, canon and unison to express a dance idea. Performance: perform dances expressively, using a range of performance skills, showing accuracy and fluency.	 Actions: understand that different dance styles utilise selected actions to develop sequences in a specific style. Dynamics: understand that different dance styles utilise selected dynamics to express mood. Space: understand that space relates to where my body moves both on the floor and in the air. Relationships: understand that different dance styles utilise selected relationships to express mood. Performance: understand what makes a performance effective and know how to apply these principles to my own and others' work. Strategy: know that if I use dance principles it will help me to express an atmosphere or mood. 	
Actions: respond imaginatively to a range of stimuli related to character and narrative. Dynamics: change dynamics confidently within a performance to express changes in character. Space: confidently use changes in level, direction and pathway. Relationships: use action and reaction to represent an idea. Performance: perform complex dances that communicate narrative and character well, performing clearly and fluently.	Actions: understand that some actions are better suited to a certain character, mood or idea than others. Dynamics: understand that some dynamics are better suited to a certain character, mood or idea than others. Space: understand that space can be used to express a certain character, mood or idea. Relationships: understand that some relationships are better suited to a certain character, mood or idea than others. Performance: know that being aware of other performers in my group will help us to move in time. Strategy: know that I can select from a range of dance techniques to translate my idea.	
Actions: create actions in response to a stimulus individually and in groups. Dynamics: use dynamics effectively to express an idea. Space: use direction to transition between formations. Relationships: develop an understanding of formations. Performance: perform short, self-choreographed phrases showing an awareness of timing.	Actions: understand that sharing ideas with others enables my group to work collaboratively and try ideas before deciding on the best actions for our dance. Dynamics: understand that all actions can be performed differently to help to show effect. Space: understand that I can use space to help my dance to flow. Relationships: understand that 'formation' means the same in dance as in other activities such as football, rugby and gymnastics. Performance: understand that I can use timing techniques such as canon and unison to create effect. Strategy: know that if I show sensitivity to the music, my performance will look more complete.	
Actions: accurately remember, repeat and link actions to express an idea. Dynamics: develop an understanding of dynamics. Space: develop the use of pathways and travelling actions to include levels. Relationships: explore working with a partner using unison, matching and mirroring. Performance: develop the use of facial expressions in my performance.	Actions: know that sequencing actions in a particular order will help me to tell the story of my dance. Dynamics: understand that I can change the way I perform actions to show an idea. Space: know that I can use different directions, pathways and levels in my dance. Relationships: know that using counts of 8 will help me to stay in time with my partner and the music. Performance: know that using facial expressions helps to show the mood of my dance. Strategy: know that if I practice my dance my performance will improve.	
Actions: copy, remember and repeat actions to represent a theme. Create my own actions in relation to a theme. Dynamics: explore varying speeds to represent an idea. Space: explore pathways within my performance. Relationships: begin to explore actions and pathways with a partner. Performance: perform on my own and with others to an audience.	 Actions: understand that actions can be sequenced to create a dance. Dynamics: understand that I can create fast and slow actions to show an idea. Space: understand that there are different directions and pathways within space. Relationships: understand that when dancing with a partner it is important to be aware of each other and keep in time. Performance: know that standing still at the start and at the end of the dance lets the audience know when have started and when I have finished. Strategy: know that if I use exaggerated actions it helps the audience to see them clearly. 	
Actions: explore how my body moves. Copy basic body actions and rhythms. Dynamics: explore actions in response to music and an idea. Space: begin to explore pathways and the space around me and in relation to others. Performance: perform short phrases of movement in front of others.	Actions: understand that I can move my body in different ways to create interesting actions. Dynamics: understand that I can change my action to show an idea. Space: know that if I move into space it will help to keep me and others safe. Performance: know that when watching others I sit quietly and clap at the end. Strategy: know that if I use lots of space, it helps to make my dance look interesting.	

Skills

Fitness Progression Ladder





Fundamentals Progression Ladder



Skills Knowledge Running: know that running develops stamina and speed and both can be improved by training over time. **Running:** change direction with a fluent action. Transition smoothly between varying speeds. Balancing: know that balance underpins many skills in PE and everyday life and this feels different in Year Balancing: show fluency and control when travelling, landing, stopping and changing direction. different situations. Jumping and hopping: demonstrate good technique when jumping and hopping for distance and Jumping and hopping: understand when to jump for height or jump for distance in different activities and 6 height. Fluently link jumps together. what to do to achieve this. **Skipping:** consistently show a range of skills when skipping in a rope. Skipping: understand that skipping helps to develop co-ordination, stamina and balance. Running: understand that to change direction, I push off my outside foot and turn my hips Running: demonstrate improved body posture and balance when changing direction., Year Balancing: understand that balance is a skill used in many different activities and everyday Accelerate and decelerate appropriately for the situation. Balancing: consistently demonstrate good balance when performing other fundamenta life 5 Jumping and hopping: understand that there are different techniques for different skills. Jumping and hopping: demonstrate good technique and co-ordination when linking jumps. situations. Skipping: understand that people will have varying levels of skipping ability and that I can get **Skipping:** show a range of skills when skipping in a rope. better with practice. **All Y5 and Y6 activities** Running: change direction quickly under pressure. Demonstrate when and how to accelerate and **Running:** understand that a change of direction and speed can help to get past or away from an opponent. Year decelerate. Balancing: understand that I need to squeeze different muscles to help me to stay balanced in different Balancing: demonstrate good balance and control when performing other fundamental skills. activities. Δ Jumping and hopping: link hopping and jumping actions with other fundamental skills. **Jumping and hopping:** know that swinging my non-hopping foot helps to create momentum. **Skipping:** understand that keeping my chest up helps me to stay balanced. Skipping: consistently skip in a rope. Running: understand that leaning slightly forwards helps to increase speed (acceleration). Leaning my body Running: change direction. Show an increase and decrease in speed. in the opposite direction to travel helps to slow down (deceleration). Year **Balancing:** demonstrate balance when performing other fundamental skills. **Balancing:** understand how balance helps us with everyday tasks. Jumping and hopping: link jumping and hopping actions. **Jumping and hopping:** know that if I jump and land in quick succession, momentum will help me to jump 3 **Skipping:** jump and turn a skipping rope. further. **Skipping:** understand that I should turn the rope from my wrists with wide hands to create a gap to step through. **Running:** demonstrate balance when changing direction. Clearly show different speeds when running. Running: know that putting weight into the front of my feet helps me to stop in a balanced position. Know that running on the balls of my feet, taking big steps and having elbows bent will help me to run faster. Balancing: demonstrate balance when performing movements. Year Balancing: understand that squeezing my muscles helps me to balance. **Jumping:** demonstrate jumping for distance, height and in different directions. **Jumping:** know that swinging my arms forwards will help me to jump further. Hopping: demonstrate hopping for distance, height and in different directions. 2 Hopping: know that if I look straight ahead it will stop me falling over when I land. **Skipping:** explore single and double bounce when jumping in a rope. **Skipping:** know that I should swing opposite arm to leg to help me balance when skipping without a rope. Running: understand that bending my knees will help me to change direction. Understand that if I swing my arms it will help me to run faster. **Running:** explore changing direction and dodging. Discover how the body moves at different speeds. Balancing: know that looking ahead will help me to balance. Know that landing on my feet helps me to **Balancing:** move with some control and balance. Explore stability and landing safely. Year **Jumping:** demonstrate control in take off and landing when jumping. balance. Jumping: know that landing on the balls of my feet helps me to land with control. Hopping: begin to explore hopping in different directions. Hopping: know that I should hop with a soft bent knee. Skipping: show co-ordination when turning a rope. Use rhythm to jump continuously in a French rope. Skipping: know that I should use the opposite arm to leg when I skip. Know that jumping on the balls of my feet helps me to keep a consistent rhythm. Running: know that I use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Know that moving into **Running:** explore running and stopping. Explore changing direction safely. space away from others helps to keep me safe. **Balancing:** explore balancing whilst stationary and on the move. Balancing: know that I can hold my arms out to help me to balance. Jumping: begin to explore take off and landing safely. **EYFS Jumping:** know that bending my knees will help me to land safely. Hopping: explore hopping on both feet. Hopping: understand that i use one foot to hop.

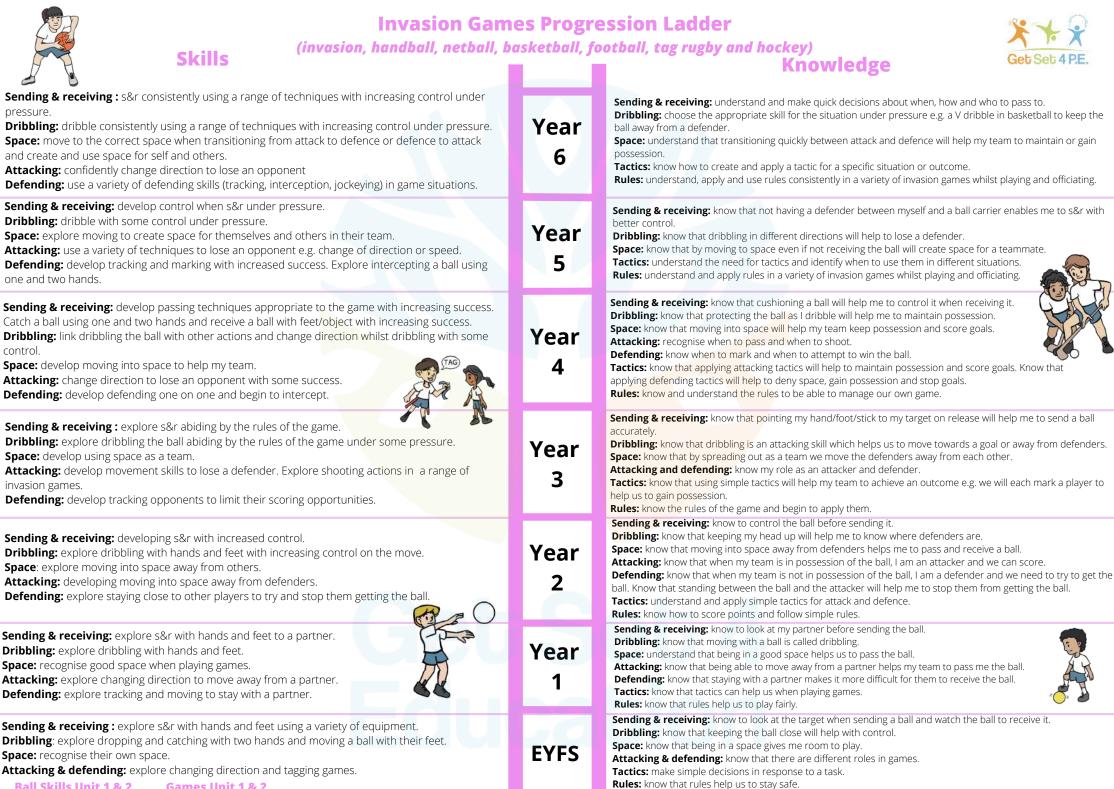
Skipping: know that if I hop then step that will help me to skip.

Skipping: explore skipping as a travelling action.

Gymnastics Progression Ladder



Gymnastics Progression Ladder				
Skills	_	Knowledge Get Set 4 P.E.		
 Shapes: combine and perform gymnastic shapes more fluently and effectively. Inverted movements: develop control in progressions of a cartwheel and a headstand. Balances: explore counter balance and counter tension. Rolls: develop fluency and consistency in the straddle, forward and backward roll. Jumps: combine and perform a range of gymnastic jumps more fluently and effectively. 	Year 6	 Shapes: know which shapes to use for each skill. Inverted movements: understand that spreading my weight across a base of support will help merbalance. Balances: know where and when to apply force to maintain control and balance. Rolls: understand that I can use momentum to help me to roll and know where that momentum from Jumps: understand that taking off from two feet will give me more height and therefore more time in the air. Strategy: know that if I use changes in formation it will help to make my sequence look interesting. 		
 Shapes: perform shapes consistently and fluently linked with other gymnastic actions. Inverted movements: explore progressions of a cartwheel. Balances: explore symmetrical and asymmetrical balances. Rolls: develop control in the straight, barrel, forward, straddle and backward roll. Jumps: select a range of jumps to include in sequence work. 	Year 5	 Shapes: understand that shapes underpin all other skills. Inverted movements: understand that sometimes I need to move slowly to gain control and other times I need to move quickly to build momentum. Balances: understand how to use contrasting balances to make my sequences look interesting. Rolls: understand that I need to work within my own capabilities and this may be different to others. Jumps: understand that I can use jumps to link actions and changing the shape of these will make my sequence look interesting. Strategy: know that if I use different pathways it will help to make my sequence look interesting. 		
 Shapes: develop the range of shapes I use in my sequences. Inverted movements: develop strength in bridge and shoulder stand. Balances: develop control and fluency in individual and partner balances. Rolls: develop the straight, barrel, forward and straddle roll and perform them with increased control. Jumps: develop control in performing and landing rotation jumps. 	Year 4	Shapes: understand how shapes can be used to improve my sequence. Inverted movements: know that inverted movements are actions in which my hips go above my head. Balances: know how to keep myself and others safe when performing partner balances. Rolls: understand that I can keep the shape of my roll using body tension. Jumps: know that I can control my landing by landing toes first, looking forwards and bending my knees. Strategy: know that if I use different directions it will help to make my sequence look interesting.		
 Shapes: explore matching and contrasting shapes. Balances: explore point and patch balances and transition smoothly into and out of them. Rolls: develop the straight, barrel, and forward roll. Jumps: develop stepping into shape jumps with control. 	Year 3	 Shapes: understand how to use body tension to make my shapes look better. Balances: understand that I can make my balances look interesting by using different levels. Rolls: understand the safety considerations when performing more difficult rolls. Jumps: understand that I can change the take off and shape of my jumps to make them look interesting. Strategy: know that if I use different levels it will help to make my sequence look interesting. 		
Shapes: explore using shapes in different gymnastic balances.Balances: remember, repeat and link combinations of gymnastic balances.Rolls: explore barrel, straight and forward roll and put into sequence work.Jumps: explore shape jumps and take off combinations.	Year 2	Shapes: know that some shapes link well together. Balances: understand that squeezing my muscles helps me to balance. Rolls: understand that there are different teaching points for different rolls. Jumps: understand that looking forward will help me to land with control. Strategy: know that if I use shapes that link well together it will help my sequence to flow.		
 Shapes: explore basic shapes straight, tuck, straddle, pike. Balances: perform balances making my body tense, stretched and curled. Rolls: explore barrel, straight and forward roll progressions. Jumps: explore shape jumps including jumping off low apparatus. 	Year 1	 Shapes: understand that I can improve my shapes by extending parts of my body. Balances: know that balances should be held for 5 seconds. Rolls: know that I can use different shapes to roll. Jumps: know that landing on the balls of my feet helps me to land with control. Strategy: know that if I use a starting and finishing position, people will know when my sequence has begun and when it has ended. 		
Shapes: show contrast with my body including wide/narrow, straight/curved. Balances: explore shapes in stillness using different parts of my body. Rolls: explore rocking and rolling. Jumps: explore jumping safely.	EYFS	Shapes: understand that I can make different shapes with my body. Balances: know that I should be still when holding a balance. Rolls: know that I can change my body shape to help me to roll. Jumps: know that bending my knees will help me to land safely. Strategy: know that if I hold a shape and count to five people will see it clearly.		



Ball Skills Unit 1 & 2 Games Unit 1 & 2



Net and Wall Games Progression Ladder



Skills (net and wall, tend Shots: demonstrate increased success and technique in a variety of shots. Serving: serve accurately and consistently.	nis, volleybo Year	All and badminton) Knowledge Shots: understand the appropriate skill for the situation under pressure e.g.cho over the net if I have just moved my opponent to the back of the court. Serving: begin to apply tactics when serving e.g. aiming to serve short on the fill second point. Rallying: understand how to play different shots depending on if a rally is co-op	rst point and then long on the
Rallying: successfully apply a variety of shots to keep a continuous rally. Footwork: demonstrate a variety of footwork patterns relevant to the game I am playing.	6	 Footwork: know that using the appropriate footwork will help me to react to a to prepare to play a shot. Tactics: understand when to apply some tactics for attacking and/or defending Rules: understand, apply and use rules consistently in a variety of net and wall, officiating. 	ball quickly and give me time
 Shots: develop the range of shots used in a variety of games. Serving: develop the range of serving techniques appropriate to the game. Rallying: use a variety of shots to keep a continuous rally. Footwork: demonstrate effective footwork patterns to move around the court. 	Year 5	 Shots: know which skill to choose for the situation e.g. a volley if the ball is close Serving: know that serving is how to start a game or rally and use the rules app Rallying: know that playing the appropriate shot will help to keep the rally going important than power to keep a rally going. Footwork: know that using small, quick steps will allow me to adjust my stance Tactics: understand the need for tactics and identify when to use them in differ Rules: understand and apply rules in a variety of net and wall games whilst play 	lied to the activity for serving. g. Know that control is more to play a shot. rent situations.
 Shots: demonstrate technique when using shots playing co-operatively and beginning to execute this competitively. Rallying: develop rallying using both forehand and backhand with increased technique. Footwork: begin to use appropriate footwork patterns to move around the court. 	Year 4	 Shots: understand when to play a forehand and a backhand and why. Rallying: know that moving my feet to the ball will help me to hit in a more balar increasing the accuracy of my shot. Footwork: know that getting my feet in the right position will help me to balance Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help me to score points and credefending tactics will help me to deny space, return a ball and limit points. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game. 	e before playing a shot.
Shots: explore returning a ball using shots such as the forehand and backhand. Rallying: explore rallying using a forehand. Footwork: consistently use and return to the ready position in between shots.	Year 3	 Shots: know that pointing the racket face/my hand where I want the ball to go me to hit accurately. Rallying: know that hitting towards my partner will help them to return the ball Footwork: know that moving to the middle of my court will enable me to cover Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help to achieve an outcome e.g. i more space. Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them. 	easier and keep the rally going. the most space.
 Hitting: develop hitting a dropped ball over a net. Feeding: accurately underarm throw over a net to a partner. Rallying: explore underarm rallying with a partner catching after one bounce. Footwork: consistently use the ready position to move towards a ball. 	Year 2	 Hitting: know to watch the ball as it comes towards me to help me to prepare t Feeding: know to place enough power on a ball to let it bounce once but not to partner can't return it. Rallying: know that sending the ball towards my partner will help me to keep a Footwork: know that using a ready position helps me to react quickly and retur Tactics: understand that applying simple tactics makes it difficult for my oppone Rules: know how to score points and follow simple rules. 	oo much so that my rally going. rn/catch a ball.
Hitting: explore hitting a dropped ball with a racket. Feeding: throw a ball over a net to land into the court area. Rallying: explore sending a ball with hands and a racket. Footwork: use the ready position to move towards a ball.	Year 1	 Hitting: know to use the centre of the racket for control. Feeding: know to use an underarm throw to feed to a partner. Rallying: know that throwing/hitting to my partner with not too much power wil Footwork: know that using a ready position will help me to move in any direction Tactics: know that tactics can help us to be successful when playing games. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly. 	
 Hitting: explore hitting a ball with hands and pushing with a racket. Feeding and rallying: explore sending and tracking a ball with a partner. Footwork: explore changing direction, running and stopping. Ball Skills Unit 1 & 2 Games Unit 1 & 2 	EYFS	 Hitting: know to point my hand/object at my target when hitting a ball. Feeding and rallying: know to look at the target when sending a ball and watch to receive it. Footwork: know to use big steps to run and small steps to stop. Tactics: make simple decisions in response to a task. Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe. 	h the ball

Skills

OAA Progression Ladder





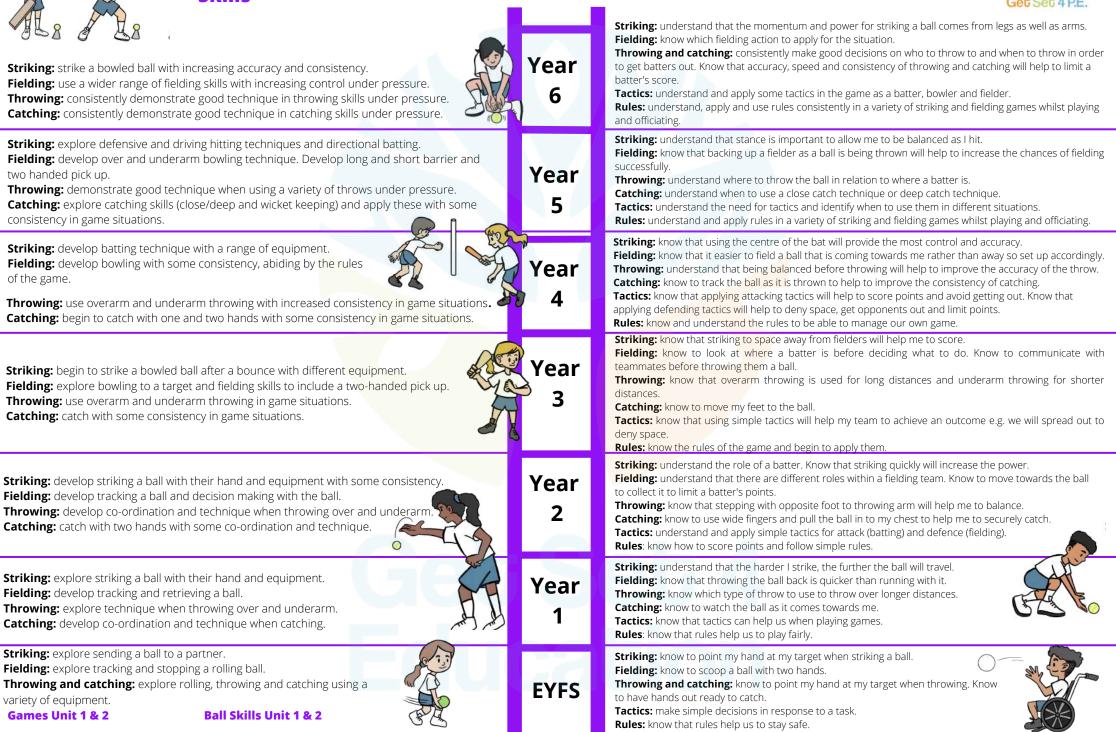
 Problem solving: pool ideas within a group, selecting and applying the best method to solve a problem. Navigational skills: orientate a map efficiently to navigate around a course with multiple points. Communication: inclusively communicate with others, share job roles and lead when necessary. 	Year 6	 Problem solving: understand that being able to solve problems is an important life skill. Navigational skills: understand why having good navigational skills are important. Communication: know that good communication skills are key to solving problems and working effectively as a team. Reflection: with increasing accuracy, reflect on when and how I am successful at solving challenges and alter my methods in order to improve. Rules: understand the rules and think creatively to solve the challenge whilst abiding by the rules.
 Problem solving: explore tactical planning within a team to overcome increasingly challenging tasks. Navigational skills: develop navigational skills and map reading in increasingly challenging tasks. Communication: explore a variety of communication methods with increasing success. 	Year 5	 Problem solving: recognise that there may be more than one way to solve a challenge and that trial and error may help to guide me to the best solution. Navigational skills: use a key to identify objects and locations. Communication: know to be descriptive but concise when giving instructions e.g. 'two steps to the left'. Reflection: reflect on when I am successful at solving challenges and alter my methods in order to improve Rules: know that abiding by rules will enable my classmates to complete the course e.g. not moving controls.
 Problem solving: plan independently and in small groups, implementing a strategy with increased success. Navigational skills: identify key symbols on a map and follow a route. Communication: confidently communicate ideas and listen to others. 	Year 4	 Problem solving: know that discussing the advantages and disadvantages of ideas will help to guide us to a conclusion about which idea to use. Navigational skills: understand how to use a key and use the cardinal points on a map to orientate it. Communication: understand that there are different types of communication and that I can communicate without talking. Reflection: with increased accuracy, critically reflect on when and why I am successful at solving challenges. Rules: understand the importance of working with integrity.
 Problem solving: discuss how to follow trails and solve problems. Work with others to select appropriate equipment for the task. Navigational skills: identify where I am on a simple map. Use and begin to create simple maps and diagrams and follow a trail. Communication: follow and give instructions and accept other peoples' ideas. 	Year 3	 Problem solving: know that trying ideas before deciding on a solution will help us to come up with the best idea. Navigational skills: know to hold the map so that the items on the map match up to the items that have been placed out. Communication: know to take turns when giving ideas and not to interrupt each other. Reflection: reflect on when and why I am successful at solving challenges. Rules: know that using the rules honestly will help to keep myself and others safe.
Problem solving: begin to plan and apply strategies to overcome a challenge. Navigational skills: follow and create a simple diagram/map. Communication: work co-operatively with a partner and a small group.	Year 2	 Problem solving: know that listening to each other's ideas might give us an idea we hadn't thought of. Navigational skills: understand that the map tells us what to do. Communication: know to use encouraging words when speaking to a partner or group to help them to trust me. Reflection: verbalise when I am successful and areas that I could improve. Rules: know how to follow and apply simple rules.
Problem solving: suggest ideas in response to a task. Navigational skills: follow a path and lead others. Communication: communicate simple instructions and listen to others.	Year 1	 Problem solving: know that working collaboratively with others will help to solve challenges. Navigational skills: know that deciding which way to go before starting will help me. Communication: know that using short instructions will help my partner e.g. start/stop. Reflection: identify when I am successful and make basic observations about how to improve. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly.
Problem solving: explore activities where I have to make my own decisions. Navigational skills: explore moving in space and following a path. Communication: develop confidence in expressing myself. Intro to PE Unit 1 & 2 Games Unit 1 & 2	EYFS	 Problem solving: make simple decisions in response to a task. Navigational skills: know that moving into space away from others will help me to stay safe. Know to leave a gap when following a path will help me to stay safe. Communication: know that talking with a partner will help me to solve challenges e.g. 'let's go to the green hoop next'. Reflection: begin to identify when I am successful. Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe.



Skills

Striking and Fielding Progression Ladder (striking and fielding, cricket and rounders)





Swimming Progression Ladder

29



Skills		Knowledge Get Set 4 P.E.	
 Strokes: identify my personal best in a range of strokes. Successfully select and apply my fastest stroke over a distance of 25m. Breathing: demonstrate a smooth and consistent breathing technique in a range of strokes over a distance of 25m. Water safety: perform a variety of survival techniques. 	Year 6	 Strokes: understand that making my body streamlined helps me to glide through the water. Breathing: understand that the more I practice my breathing in the water, the more my heart and lungs can work effectively and aid my muscles with the ability to utilise oxygen when swimming. Water safety: know which survival technique to use for the situation. Rules: understand that different environments have different rules to keep us safe around water. 	
 Strokes: demonstrate increased technique in a range of stokes, swimming over a distance of 25m. Breathing: explore underwater breaststroke breathing technique over a distance of 25m. Water safety: explore safety techniques to include the H.E.L.P and huddle positions. 	Year 5	 Strokes: understand that pulling harder through the water will enable me to travel the distance in fewer strokes and travel faster. Breathing: know that breathing every three strokes helps to balance my stroke and allows me to practise breathing on both sides. Water safety: know that a group of people can huddle together to conserve body heat, support each other and provide a larger target for rescuers. Rules: understand rules in and around water. 	
 Strokes: develop technique for specific strokes to include head above water breaststroke, backstroke and front crawl. Breathing: demonstrate improved breathing technique in front crawl. Water safety: are comfortable with some personal survival techniques to include survival strokes such as sculling and treading water. 	Year 4	 Strokes: understand that keeping my legs together for crawl helps me to stay straight in the water. Breathing: know that breathing out with a slow consistent breath enables me to swim for longer before needing another breath. Water safety: know what to do if I fall in the water. Rules: understand the water safety rules. 	
 Strokes: explore technique for specific strokes to include head above water breaststroke, backstroke and front crawl. Breathing: begin to explore front crawl breathing technique. Water safety: explore techniques for personal survival to include survival strokes such as sculling and treading water. 	Year 3	 Strokes: know that lifting my hips will help me to stay afloat whilst swimming. Breathing: know that turning my head to the side to breathe will allow me to swim with good technique. Water safety: know that treading water enables me to keep upright and in the same space. Rules: know that the water should be clear of swimmers before entering. 	
 Strokes: begin to use arms and legs together, more effectively across the water unaided. Breathing: begin to explore breathing in sync with my kicking action. Water safety: demonstrate an awareness of water safety and float on my front and on my back. 	Year 2	 Strokes: understand that moving my arms quickly will help me to pass through the water. Breathing: know that when I swim, I inhale through my mouth when my face is above water and exhale through my mouth or nose when my face is underwater. Water safety: understand that floating uses less energy than swimming. Rules: know how to safely enter and exit the pool. 	
 Strokes: can swim over a 10m distance with a buoyancy aid. Breathing: can submerge confidently in the water. Water safety: become aware of water safety and explore floating on my front and back. 	Year 1	 Strokes: understand that using cupped hands will help me to swim as the water cannot escape between my fingers. Breathing: know that I need to take a big breath before submerging. Water safety: understand that floating can help me to stay safe. Rules: know that walking on poolside helps to keep me safe. 	

	Target Games Progression Ladder X (target games, golf and dodgeball) Knowledge		
Throwing: throw with increasing control under pressure. Catching (dodgeball): catch with increasing control under pressure. Striking: use a variety of striking techniques with control and under pressure.	Year 6	 Throwing: know who to throw at and when to throw in order to get opponents out. Catching (dodgeball): know that I need to make quick decisions on if to catch or if to dodge the ball. Striking: know which skill to select for the situation. Tactics: know how to create and apply a tactic for a specific situation or outcome. Rules: understand, apply and use rules consistently in a variety of target games whilst playing and officiating. 	
 Throwing: demonstrate clear technique and accuracy when throwing at a target Catching (dodgeball): demonstrate good technique and consistency in catching skills. Striking: develop a wider range of striking techniques and begin to use them une pressure. 	³ Year	 Throwing: know to aim low to make it difficult for an opponent to catch. Catching (dodgeball): know to stay towards the back of the court area to give me more time to catch. Striking: know that aligning my body and equipment before striking will help me to be balanced. Tactics: understand the need for tactics and identify when to use them in different situations. Rules: understand and apply rules in a variety of target games whilst playing and officiating. 	
Throwing: throw with increasing accuracy at a target. Catching (dodgeball): catch with increasing consistency. Striking: strike a ball with increasing consistency.	Year 4	 Throwing: know that one handed throws are used for speed and accuracy. Know that keeping my elbow high and stepping with my opposite foot will help to increase the power. Catching (dodgeball): know that moving my feet to a ball and pulling it in to my chest will help me to catch more consistently. Striking: know that using a smooth action will help to increase accuracy. Tactics: know that applying attacking tactics will help me to score points and get opponents out. Know that applying defending tactics will help me to stay in the game. Rules: know and understand the rules to be able to manage our own game. 	
Throwing: explore throwing at a moving target. Catching (dodgeball): begin to catch whilst on the move. Striking: begin to strike a ball with accuracy and balance.	Year 3	 Throwing: know to throw slightly ahead of a moving target. Catching (dodgeball): know that beginning in a ready position will help me to react to the ball. Striking: know that using a bigger swing will give me more power. Tactics: know that using simple tactics will help my team to achieve an outcome e.g. spread out so that we are harder to aim for. Rules: know the rules of the game and begin to apply them. 	
 Throwing overarm: develop co-ordination and technique when throwing overar towards a target. Throwing underarm: develop co-ordination and technique when throwing underarm towards a target. Striking: develop striking a ball with equipment with some consistency. 	rm Year 2	 Throwing: know that stepping with opposite foot to throwing arm will help you to balance. Know that moving my arm quicker will give me more power. Striking: know to finish with my object/hand/foot pointing at my target. Tactics: understand and apply simple tactics. Rules: know how to score points and follow simple rules. 	
Throwing overarm: explore technique when throwing overarm towards a targe Throwing underarm: explore technique when throwing underarm towards a targe		 Throwing: know which type of throw to use for distance and accuracy. Know that my body position will affect the accuracy of my throw. Tactics: know that tactics can help us when playing games. Rules: know that rules help us to play fairly. 	
Throwing: explore throwing using a variety of equipment.Catching: explore catching using a variety of equipment.Fundamentals Unit 1 & 2Games Unit 1 & 2Ball Skills Unit 1 & 2	EYFS	Throwing: know to point my hand at my target when throwing. Catching: know to have hands out ready to catch. Tactics: make simple decisions in response to a task. Rules: know that rules help us to stay safe.	

Yoga Progression Ladder

Skills

Knowledge



 Balance: link combinations of poses for balance with increased control in transition. Flexibility: confidently transition from one pose to another showing extension connected to breath. Strength: explore poses that challenge my strength and work to maintain increased control and strength when in and transitioning between poses. Mindfulness: explore methods to control how I feel with some success. 	Year 6	Get Set 4PE. Balance: know where and when to apply force to maintain control and balance. Flexibility: know which of my muscles require more practice to increase my flexibility. Strength: understand that I can build up my strength by practicing in my own time. Mindfulness: identify times in my everyday life when mindfulness activities would be helpful for my wellbeing.
 Balance: use my breath to maintain balance within an individual and partner pose. Flexibility: develop flexibility by connecting movement with breath. Strength: demonstrate increased control and strength when in and transitioning between poses. Mindfulness: explore methods I can use to control how I feel. 	Year 5	 Balance: understand that I need to apply force to maintain balance in a partner pose. Flexibility: understand that I can improve my flexibility when moving with my breath. Strength: know the muscles I am using by name. Mindfulness: understand that there are different techniques I can use to control how I feel.
 Balance: explore using my breath to maintain balance within a pose. Flexibility: demonstrate increased extension in poses. Strength: demonstrate increased control and strength when in a pose. Mindfulness: engage with mindfulness activities with increased focus. 	Year 4	Balance: understand that if I move with my breath it will help me to balance. Flexibility: understand which body parts I am trying to extend in different poses. Strength: understand that people have different levels of strength. Mindfulness: understand that mindfulness is a personal journey.
Balance: demonstrate increased control when in poses. Flexibility: explore poses and movement in relation to my breath. Strength: explore arm balances with some control. Mindfulness: develop my ability to stay still and keep my focus.	Year 3	Balance: understand that if I use the whole of the body part in contact with the floor, it will help me to balance. Flexibility: know that if I move as I breathe out I can stretch a little bit further. Strength: understand that I need to use different muscles for different poses. Mindfulness: know that I can use my breath to focus.
Balance: remember, copy, and repeat sequences of linked poses. Flexibility: show increased awareness of extension in poses. Strength: demonstrate increased control in performing poses. Mindfulness: explore controlling my focus and sense of calm.	Year 2	 Balance: understand that I can squeeze my muscles to help me to balance. Flexibility: know that flexibility helps us to stretch our muscles and increase the movement in our joints. Strength: know that strength helps us with everyday tasks such as carrying our school bag. Mindfulness: understand that I can use yoga to make me feel calm.
 Balance: perform balances and poses making my body tense, stretched and curled. Flexibility: explore poses and movements that challenge my flexibility. Strength: explore strength whilst transitioning from one pose to another. Mindfulness: recognise my own feelings in response to a task or activity. 	Year 1	 Balance: know that if I focus on something still it will help me to balance. Flexibility: know that yoga helps to improve flexibility which we need in everyday tasks. Strength: know that I can use my strength to move slowly and with control. Mindfulness: understand that yoga can make me feel happy.
 Balance: explore shapes in stillness using different parts of my body. Flexibility: explore shapes and actions to stretch my body. Strength: explore taking weight on different body parts. Mindfulness: explore my own feelings in response to an activity or task. Fundamentals Unit 1 & 2 Gymnastics Unit 1 & 2 	EYFS	Balance: know that it is easier to balance using more parts of my body than fewer parts. Flexibility: know that I can make my body longer by reaching out with my arms and legs. Strength: understand that I can hold my weight on different parts of my body. Mindfulness: understand how movement makes me feel.